	THE HISTORIC AREA OF WILLEMSTAD, INNER CITY AND HARBOUR, CURACAO – WORLD HERITAGE MAP							
1	Pietermaai Cathedral (1882) - Roman Catholic Cathedral, founded by the Dominican Order.		7	Queen Emmabridge (1888) – notable pontoon bridge across St. Anna Bay that opens regularly.		13	Penha Building (1708) –prominent example of 18 <sup>th</sup> century Dutch colonial architecture.	
2	National Archive (1916) – nicknamed The Wedding Cake. Holds a 'Memory of the World' entry: first Catechism in Papiamentu.		8	Bandstand (1899) – a place to relax at Brion Square, which saw many of its buildings damaged during the 1969 Curacao Uprising.		14	Fort Amsterdam (1636) — built as head office for the WIC, now the seat of government for Curacao.	
3	Scharlooweg 37 (1881) - former Ashkenazi synagogue.		9	Molenplein 12-19 (ca. 1750) - Large detached two-and-a-half storey structure with curved gables.		15	Post Museum (1693)  — located in the oldest surviving building in Curacao, notable for its wooden gallery.	The state of the
4	Scharlooweg 72-76 (18c origin) – just behind the viaduct; look at the white woodwork and arcades.		10	Zaantjesteeg – example of the alley area of Otrobanda.		16	Mikve Israel Synagogue (1674) – oldest surviving synagogue in the Americas, active in the Sephardic rite.	
5	Villa Maria (1888) - former residence in neo-Greek style.		11	Huize Stroomzigt (1750) – has interesting tile work at its façade and stairs designed by Gerrit Rietveld. Now for sale.		17	Temple Emanu-El (1865) – built for the Dutch Reformed Jewish Congregation, now Public Prosecutor's Office.	
6	Maritime Museum – to learn more about the WIC, Slavery and Piracy on Curacao (open Wed-Sat).		12	Handelskade as seen from Rif Fort – climb the wall of the former fortress (now a mall).		18	Cinelandia (1941) – former semi-open air cinema, designed in Art Deco-style. Protected monument.	T.



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